



Housekeeping

- There will be two 15 breaks.
- If you have a question, please ask the question.
- Course has been approved for 3 hours of CPA CPE by the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

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5

Agenda for Workshop

- 1. Welcome
- 2. Financial Reporting Team Introductions
- 3. Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Overview & Reminders
- 4. Future of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Compilation Process

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Agenda for Workshop

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5. 2022 Compliance Checklist Evaluations BREAK

6. GASB 87 – Leases Lessons Learned

7. FYE 2023 GASB Implementations

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7

Agenda for Workshop

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- 8. FYE 2024 GASB Implementations
- 9. GASB Implementation Roundtable BREAK
- 10. Financial Reporting Best Practices Roundtable

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8

Are there any questions?





General Overview • Section 216.102(3), Florida Statutes, requires the Chief Financial Officer to publish an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. • Defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) • Due annually by February 28 • Audited by the Florida Auditor General • Provides a thorough and detailed presentation of the state's financial condition CFO JIMMY PATRONIS

11

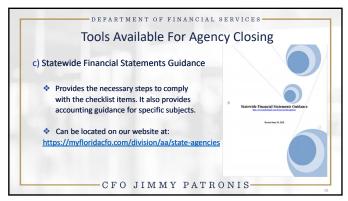


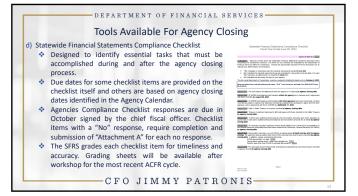




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Tools Available for Agency Closing a) Agency Closing Schedule can be found at https://www.myfloridacfo.com/docs-sf/accounting-and-auditing-libraries/state-agencies/financial-reporting/agency-closing-schedule-2023.pdf?sfvrsn=2c523cb9 4. b) Agency Addressed Memo #22 - Statewide Financial Reporting Fiscal Year 2022-23 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report can also be found on the website. https://www.myfloridacfo.com/division/aa/state-agencies/agency-addressed-memoranda







Tools Available For Agency Closing

e) WTB Database

❖ From the second working day of July until the last CFO and AG adjustments are posted, the SFRS team updates the WTB database, updates it on the website, and notifies it was updated to the agencies via e-mail.

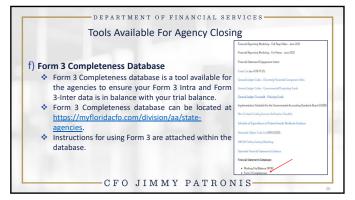
❖ It is located on the DFS website at:

https://myfloridacfo.com/division/aa/state-agencies under Financial Guidance for State Agencies → Financial Reporting → Financial Statements Databases.

❖ Instructions for using the WTB are attached with the database.

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19



20

Agency Management Representation Letter

Agency Representations – Financial Statements Letter is a document issued by SFRS team on behalf of state agencies to provide their attestations of the responsibilities for the financial statements and knowledge of the matters concerned.

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Delegation of Authority

When submitting forms or letters that are signed by someone other than the intended party (e.g., Agency Head or CFO) as stated on form(s) and/or letter(s), a delegation of authority **must** be provided with the submission of the form and/or letter.

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22

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Electronic Signatures

- Pursuant to section 668.004, Florida Statutes, electronic signatures will be
 accepted on Bureau of Financial Reporting's forms submitted electronically during
 ACFR cycle. These forms must contain the following statement for the electronic
 signatures to be considered valid and must be submitted by the authorized signer.
- "By providing this electronic signature, I am attesting that I understand that electronic signatures are legally binding and have the same meaning as handwritten signatures. I am also confirming that internal controls have been maintained, and that policies and procedures were properly followed to ensure the authenticity of the electronic signature.

This statement is to certify that I confirm that this electronic signature is to be the legally binding equivalent of my handwritten signature and that the data on this form is accurate to the best of my knowledge."

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23

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Electronic Signatures

- ➤ If the form is converted to Adobe and the Adobe "Fill & Sign" is used with a default signature, or it is a copy and paste signature, provide the statement above in the body of the email at the time of the form submission. Otherwise, it will be returned to complete.
- ➤If DocuSign is used and it is stamped, the electronic signature statement is not required. Please contact the Bureau of Financial Reporting at (850) 413-5511, if you have questions or require additional information.

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When is an Updated Form Required

An updated form is required when an adjustment is made. Please submit updated form(s) with adjustments.

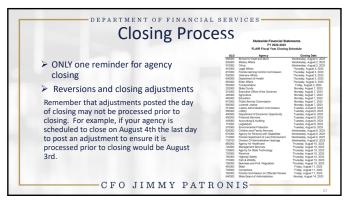
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Adjustments Deadline

Deadline for Adjustments is August 24, 2023

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26











Future of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reporting (ACFR) Process

- 1. ACFR Automation
- 2. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 *Leases*
- 3. GASB Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- 4. Forms Packages

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32

ACFR Automation • Progress is being made to bring the ACFR processes into the current era. • The automation should make work easier.







ACFR Automation • Access will be limited to the Workiva Agency Library * Users will only have access to the agency library of which they are a member. * Note: Please notify SFRS when team members change, so that access is appropriate.

37



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38

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES-GASB 87 - Leases

SFRS will send to each agency a request for users that need access to the GASB 87 Lite module to enter, review, and update



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40

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES GASB 87 - Leases

- Training for GASB 87 Lite FYE 2023
 - ✓ Please ensure that the individuals who will be completing, reviewing, and certifying the surveys attend the training.
 - ✓ Work with outside resources enlisted to assist to ensure proper reporting of Leases.



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41

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES GASB 87 - Leases

Short Descriptions

• The Short Description cannot be modified, even in future years. Therefore, use a specific description that will continue to be relevant in future fiscal years.

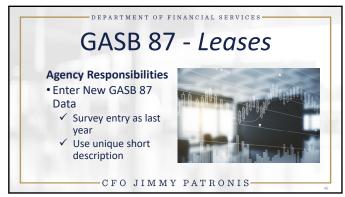


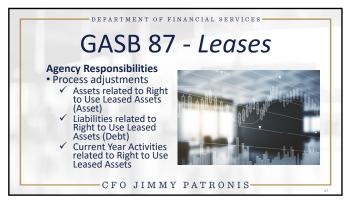
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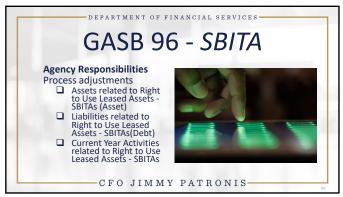














Form 4 Updates GR procedures require balancing the Form 4's to the GRU Service Charge Report from Accounts Control. Please record the amounts on Form 4 using the revenue category used to pay the GR service charges – either 1307 or 1308. DO NOT use the category used to record the revenue when it was received. CFO JIMMY PATRONIS







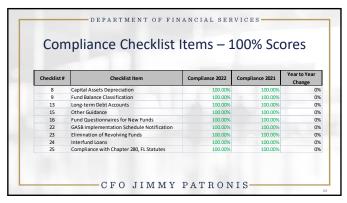










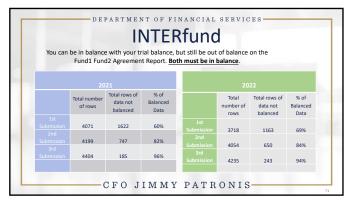




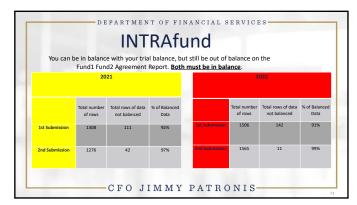


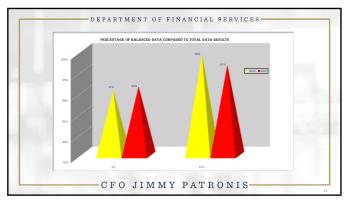






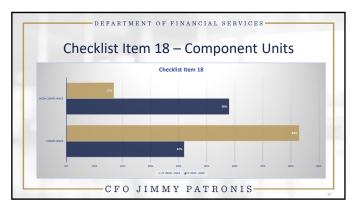




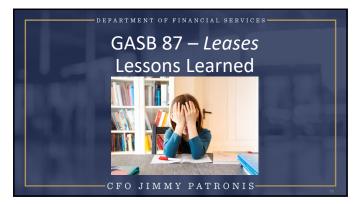




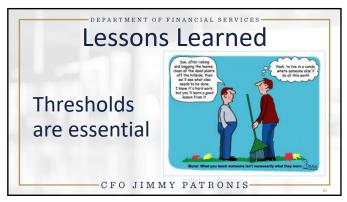




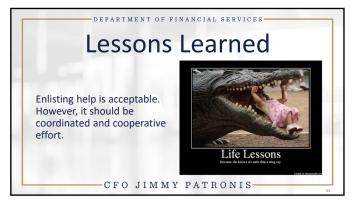
Suggestion on Ways to Improve Your Statistics • Develop your own checklist of year-end entries required. This helps ensure the recording of all year-end entries (receivables, payables, etc.) • Compare CY vs PY entries to ensure keyed correctly and amounts appear reasonable • Reconcile your JT transactions quarterly for both INTER and/or INTRAfund to eliminate reconciling all data for the year, if you don't already do so (Checklists 2 & 3.) • Use Analytical Reports provided in WTB • "Within" Checklist 14 (e.g. Atypical GL Report, Invalid GL Report, GL Balance Analytics - CY vs PY, No Change in GL Balance Report, Equity Constraints vs Total Ending Equity) • "After" the numbered checklist items (e.g. Defict Ending Equity Report, Ending Equity in Agency Funds Report, Equity Comparison Report - CY vs PY, SWF to Agency GAAFR Fund Comparison) to assist you in making adjustments, as required, prior to closing. • Ensure forms that are GL related agree with your trial balance when submitted

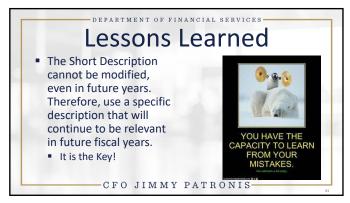


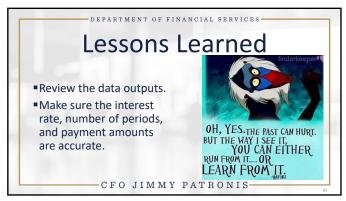














GASB Implementation 2023 • Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations • Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements • Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements • Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 ✓ Requirements of Paragraphs: 18–22 Public Private Partnerships 23–25 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements • Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections

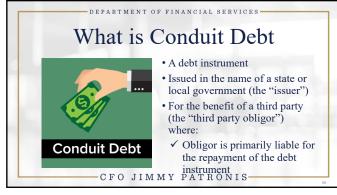


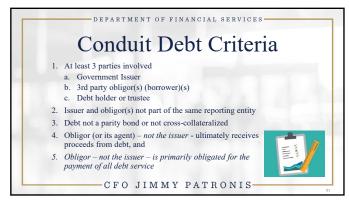
department of financial services-

- Improved the Standards related to conduit debt obligations by providing a single reporting method for government issuers.
- Effective for periods beginning after December 31, 2021
 - ✓In the July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 fiscal year.

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89











Voluntary Commitments

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- Made by some issuers
- Decision to support debt without having an obligation to do so – if obligor is or will be unable to pay debt service
- May include provisions for issuer to:
- o Voluntarily request an appropriation for debt service payment(s), or
- Voluntarily make debt service payment(s)

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95

Issuer Liability Recognition • Conduit Debt ✓ Do Not Recognize • Liability to Support Debt Service Payment ✓ Recognize when it is more likely than not (likelihood > 50%) that the issuer will support one or more debt service payments for conduit debt.

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Evaluate the Likelihood of Supporting Debt Service When?	
Commitments	Evaluate
Limited and Additional	At Least Annually
Limited Only	When there is an event or circumstance that causes the issuer to reconsider its willingness or ability to support the debt service payments (through a voluntary commitment); If evaluation results in reporting a liability for an issue, must evaluate that issue annually thereafter.
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Evaluate the Likelihood of Supporting Debt Service Qualitative Factors • GASB 91 lists factors that must, at minimum, be considered; may be categorized as: 1. Obligor's ability to pay debt service 2. Project's viability to generate revenue to support debt service 3. Issuer's willingness and ability to pay debt service if obligor cannot • Relevant to: • Additional commitments that are subject to appropriation, and • Likelihood of voluntary commitments

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98

Associated Arrangements A (lease-like) arrangement with all the following attributes: Construction/acquisition of the capital asset financed by the conduit debt, Issuer retains title to the capital asset from inception, Payments from obligor cover conduit debt service, and Payment schedule coincides with conduit debt service. CFO JIMMY PATRONIS

Liability to Support Debt Service • Economic Resources Measurement Focus: • Recognize • Liability and a related expense if it is more likely than not (>50%) that issuer will support debt service • Measure liability • Discounted PV of best estimate of future payments to support debt • if no best estimate, discounted PV of the minimum of a range of estimates • Current Financial Resources Measurement Focus: • Recognize • Fund liability and related expenditure to extent that a payment to support conduit debt obligation is more likely than not and is due and payable

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100

Accounting for Associated Arrangements • If associated arrangement meets definition of a Service Concession Arrangement, follow that guidance. • Otherwise, accounting is different for each of (3) classifications of associated arrangements, depending on: • Whether issuer relinquishes title to asset at end of arrangement, and • Whether obligor has exclusive use of all or only a portion of the capital asset during term of arrangement.

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101

Categories of Associated Arrangements 1. Issuer Relinquishes title at end of arrangement • No recognition 2. Issuer retains title & obligor has use of entire asset during arrangement • The obligor has exclusive use of the entire asset until the end of arrangement • The issuer does not relinquish title at the end of the arrangement • Recognize: At end of arrangement, recognize asset at acquisition value 3. Issuer retains title & obligor has use exclusive use of only portions of the asset until the end of the arrangement • The obligor has exclusive use of only portions of the asset until the end of the arrangement • The obligor has exclusive use of only portions of the asset until the end of the arrangement • Recognize: At beginning of arrangement, recognize entire asset, do not recognize liability or receivable; record deferred inflow at acquisition value; amortize deferred inflow and recognize revenue over life of arrangement CFO JIMMY PATRONIS

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Note Disclosures – All Issuers

General descriptions by the issuer:

- Conduit debt obligations
- Limited commitment(s)
- Voluntary commitment(s)
- Additional commitments, if any, including:
- Legal authority and limits for extending the commitment(s)
- o Length of time of commitment(s)
- o Arrangements for recovering payments from obligors, if any
- Aggregate outstanding principal of all conduit debt obligations by type of commitments (limited commitments only, additional commitments by type, voluntary commitments by type)

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103

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Additional Disclosures – Issuers Reporting Liabilities to Support Debt

- Brief description of timing of recognition and measurement of liability, including:
- o Beginning balances
- Increases, including initial recognition and adjustments increasing estimates
- Decreases, including payments and adjustments decreasing estimates, and
- o Ending balances
- Cumulative payments made on recognized liability
- · Amounts expected to be recovered, if any

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104

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Conduit Debt Obligations SFRS Steps to Implementation

- Survey agencies and component units to identify Conduit Debt Arrangements
- 2. New GLs for Conduit Debt Payable -
 - 341XX Conduit Debt Payable, Current
 - 441XX Conduit Debt Payable, Non-Current
- 3. New GLs for Conduit Debt Interest Payable -
 - 328XX Conduit Debt Interest Payable, Current
 - 428XX Conduit Debt Interest Payable, Non-Current
- 4. Develop a form to capture note disclosure required information.

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Conduit Debt Obligations What can you do to prepare?

- Inventory all conduit debt issued
- · Are there any recorded as debt on the financial statements?
- Identify any commitments or associated asset arrangements that exist
- Establish a process to:
- Add issues as they occur
- · Annually evaluate commitments (if any)
- Obtain the year-end principal balance on all outstanding issues for disclosure purposes

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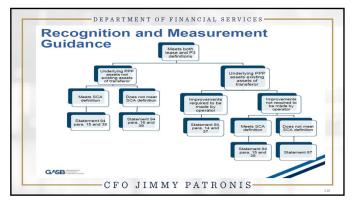
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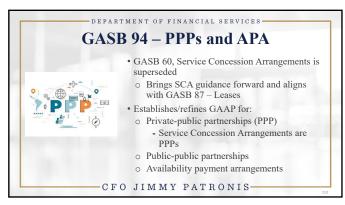
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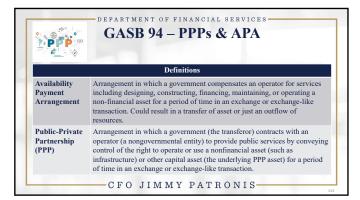
How are Leases, PPPs, and SBITAs alike? The terms are defined the same for a lease, PPP, and subscription. The term starts with the noncancelable period. The term includes options to extend and to terminate. The term excludes cancelable periods. Recognition and measurement are basically the same. Contracts with multiple components, account for the lease and non-lease components as separate contracts and the multiple underlying assets as separate lease components. Allocate the contract price to different components. Modifications and terminations are treated the same.

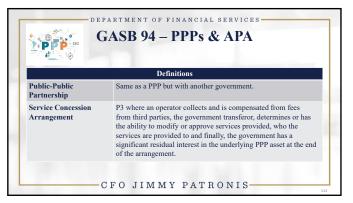
Г	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES
	How are Leases, P3s, and SBITAs alike?
	 <u>Lease-a</u> contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.
	PPP-arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator [governmental or nongovernmental] to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.
	SBITA-a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. CFOJIMMYPATRONIS

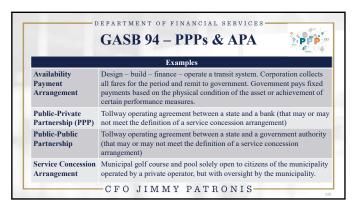


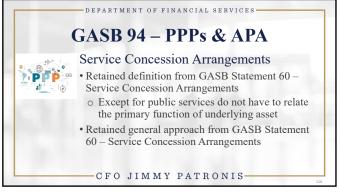


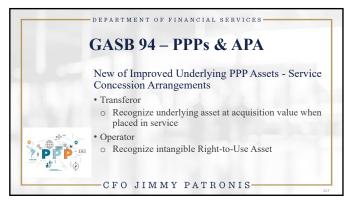


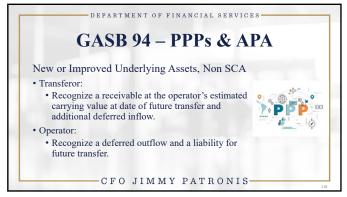


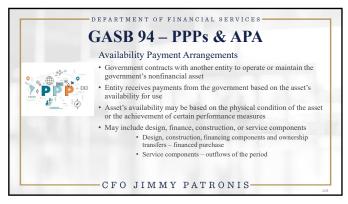


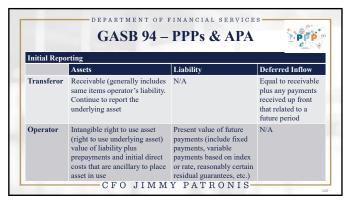


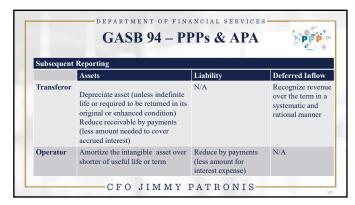


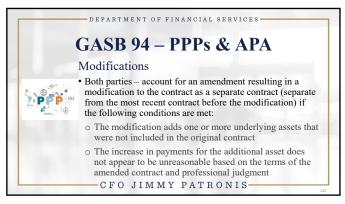


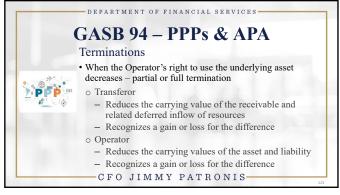










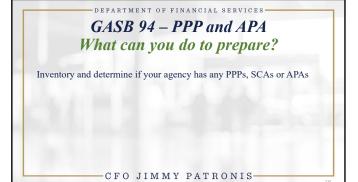


GASB 94 – PPP & APA SFRS Steps to Implementation

- 1. Survey agencies and component units to identify PPPs and APAs.
- 2. Develop method to gather PPP and APA information required for Financial Reporting. (Workiva)
- 3. Train agencies.
- 4. Update ACFR Statements and Note Disclosures.

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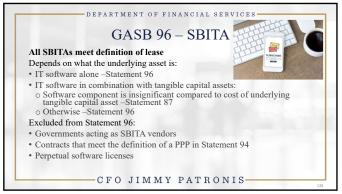
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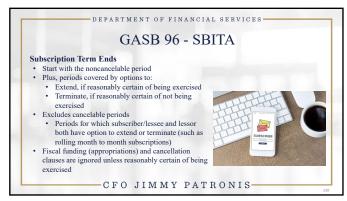
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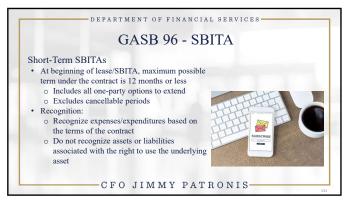




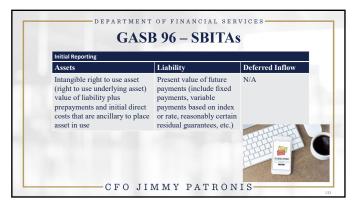




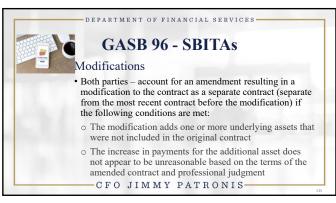


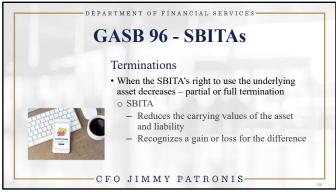










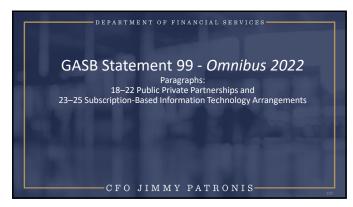


GASB 96 — SBITAS SFRS Steps to Implementation 1. Survey agencies and component units to identify SBITAs 2. Contracted with Consultants and Workiva to provide the GASB 96 Lite Tool • Training June 30, 2023 • Agencies will be provided the adjustments after completion of the Surveys to process prior to Agency Closing. 3. Identify a threshold • Currently, a threshold of \$1.5 million has been proposed. A CFO Memorandum will be issued when the threshold is official. 4. Update ACFR Statements and Note Disclosures

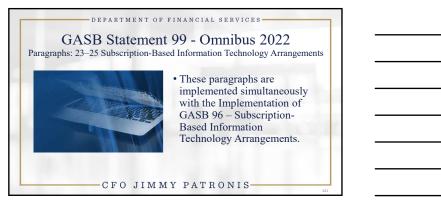
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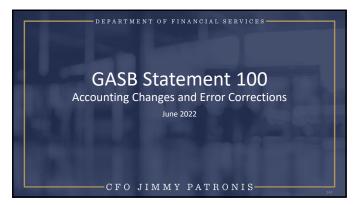
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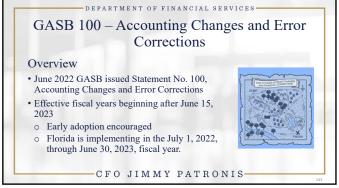
GASB 96 - SBITAS What can you do to prepare? • Review the Inventory prepared and submitted to assist with the determination of a Threshold • Complete a thorough review with all offices to ensure all SBITAs are identified • Attend the training on June 30, 2023, via GoToMeeting • Identify who needs access to Workiva to complete the Survey • Invite and encourage ANYONE that is participating in gathering, identifying or completing the GASB 96 Survey to the Training on June 30, 2023 CFO JIMMY PATRONIS

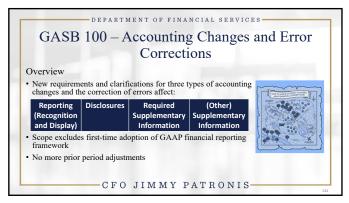




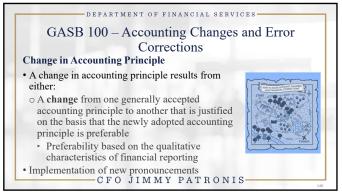


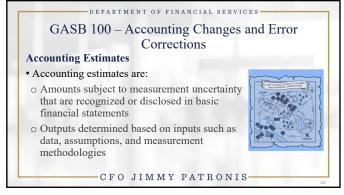


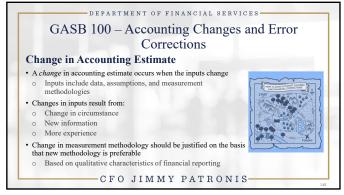




GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections Classification • Accounting Changes • Change in accounting principle • Change in accounting estimate • Change to or within the financial reporting entity • Correction of an error in previously issued financial statements



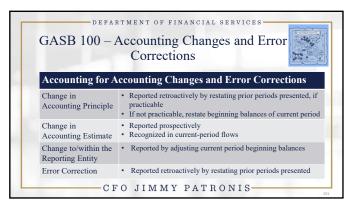




GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections Change to or within the Financial Reporting Entity • A change to or within the financial reporting entity results from: Output Addition/removal of a fund that results from movement of continuing operations within the primary government, including its blended component units A change in the fund presentation as major or nonmajor Addition/removal of a component unit (except for acquisitions, mergers, and transfers of operations, and Statement 90 component units) Change in presentation (blended or discrete) of a component unit

149

GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections Correction of an Error • An error results from: • Mathematical mistakes • Misapplication of accounting principles • Oversight or misuse of facts that existed at the time the financial statements were issued about conditions that existed as of the financial statement date • Facts that could reasonably be expected to have been obtained and taken into account at that time about conditions that existed as of the financial statement date





152

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections Face of the financial statements General Normajor governmental funds funds Net change in fund balance \$ (417,862) \$ 253,329 \$ (61,423) \$ (225,956) Beginning fund balance, as previously reported \$ 2,542,547 \$ 1,242,722 \$ 1,523,248 Change to or within financial reporting entity 249,262 249,262 Error correction \$ 2,313,125 \$ 1,242,722 \$ 1,772,510 \$ 5,328,357 Beginning fund balance, as restated \$ 1,895,263 \$ 1,496,051 \$ 1,711,087 \$ 5,102,401 Ending fund balance -CFO JIMMY PATRONIS-

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES
GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error
Corrections
Note Disclosures
Summary disclosure, in a tabular form, of effects on beginning position of the earliest period adjusted or restated for each
 Change in accounting principle (including implementations of new pronouncements),
Change to or within the financial reporting entity, and
o Error correction
Individual disclosures as well for each type of accounting change and for error corrections
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GASB 100 -	- Accounting Ch	ar	iges	a	nd l		ror	C	orre	c	tions
Note Illustration		12/31/20X1 As previously reported		Change in accounting principle		within the financial reporting entity		Error correction		12/31/20X1 As restated	
	Governmental activities Business-type activities	5	1,760,045	\$	(414.785)	5	249,262	5	(453,222)	5	1,556,085 5,218,568
	Total government-wide	5	7,393,398	\$	(414,785)	5	249,262	5	(453,222)	5	6,774,653
	Governmental funds Major funds:	_		_		_		_		_	
	General Fund	5	2,542,547	5		5		5	(229,422)	5	2,313,125
	Fund A		1,242,722								1,242,722
	Nonmajor funds	_	1,523,248	_			249,262	_		_	1,772,510
	Total governmental funds	5	5,308,517	5		5	249,262	5	(229,422)	5	5,328,357
	Proprietary funds Major funds:										
	Enterprise Fund C	5	2,324,876	5	(192,248)	5		5		5	2,132,628
	Enterprise Fund D		3,254,254		(213,325)						3,040,929
	Nonmajor funds	_	54,223	_	(9,212)	_		_		_	45,011
	Total proprietary funds	5	5,633,353	5	(414,785)	5		5		5	5,218,568
	Discretely presented component units ABC Utility RST Foundation	5	249,262 781,833	5		5	(249,262)	5		5	781.833
	XYZ Foundation		9.782.586								9.782.586
	Total discretely presented component units	-	10.813.681	-		-	(249.262)	-		5	10.564.419

		———		
Change in Accounting Principle	Changes in Accounting Estimates	Changes To or Within the Reporting Entity	Correction of Errors	
Nature of change, including Financial statement line items affected lelentification of new GASB pronouncement, if applicable Reason new principle is preferable (except if result of new GASB pronouncement) For comparative financial statements, reason it is not practicable to restate prior periods, if applicable	Nature of change, including financial statement line items affected For changes in measurement methodology Reason for change Reason new methodology is preferable (except if result of new GASB pronouncement)	Nature of change Reason for change EXCEPT. Disclosure of reason not required if change is solely the result of funds meeting or not meeting quantitative thresholds for major funds		

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES
GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error
Corrections
Reclassifications in Financial Statements
Changes in accounting principles that do not affect beginning position but require reclassification
Reclassify for all prior periods presented in comparative financial statements, if practicable
Disclose nature of change
Error corrections that do not affect beginning position but require reclassification
 Reclassify for all prior periods presented in comparative financial statements
o Disclose nature of change
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GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections RSI and SI • The Statement addresses how to present in RSI and SI information that is affected by an accounting change or error correction. • Periods earlier than those presented in basic financial statements should not be restated for changes in accounting principles. • Periods earlier than those presented in basic financial statements should be restated for error corrections, if practicable. — C F O J I M M Y PATRONIS

158

GASB 100 -Accounting Changes and Error Corrections SFRS Steps to Implementation 1. Update processes to report accounting changes and error corrections. 2. Update ACFR Statements and Note Disclosures.





161

objective

- Enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting
- Improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing
 - Practice issues that have been identified during implementation, and application of certain GASB Statements
 - Accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees.

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES -

Scope and Applicability of this Statement

- Establishes or amends accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to
 - o Financial guarantees (paragraphs 4-7)
 - o Derivative instruments (paragraph 8)
 - o Termination of Hedge Accounting (paragraphs 9-10)
- The requirements apply to the financial statements of all state and local governments.

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163

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Effective Date and Transition

The requirements for financial guarantees (paragraphs 4-7), derivative instruments (paragraph 8), and the termination of hedge accounting (paragraphs 9-10) are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

o In Florida, these paragraphs are effective for fiscal year July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024.

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164

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Financial Guarantees

Omnibus 2022 clarifies items related to financial guarantees within the scope of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 70 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees.

- An exchange and exchange-like financial guarantees is a guarantee of an obligation of a legally separate entity or individual, including a blended or discretely presented component unit, that requires the guarantor to indemnify a third-party obligation holder under specified conditions, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.
- Note: The difference between exchange and exchange-like transactions is a matter of degree. In contrast to a "pure" exchange transaction, an exchange-like transaction is one in which the values exchanged, though related, may not be quite equal or in which the direct benefits may not be exclusively for the parties to the transaction. Nevertheless, the exchange characteristics of the transaction are strong enough to justify treating the transaction as an exchange for accounting recognition.

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES-

Financial Guarantees

Guarantees excluded from the accounting and reporting requirements outlined in Omnibus 2022:

- Special assessment debt within GASB Statement No. 6, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Special Assessments
- Financial guarantee contracts within the scope of GASB Statement No. 53 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments
- Guarantees related to conduit debt obligations within the scope of Statement No. 91 Conduit Debt Obligations

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166

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Financial Guarantees

GASB 99 DOES apply the liability recognition, liability measurement, and disclosure requirements of paragraphs 7-10 and 13 in GASB 70 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees apply to governments that extend exchange or exchange-like financial guarantees.

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167

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Financial Guarantees

GASB 99 DOES NOT dictate expense classification or recognition guidance for the consideration received in an exchange or exchange-like financial guarantee transaction of paragraphs 9 and 10 in GASB 70 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees to classify expenses in the same manner as grants or financial assistance payments.

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Financial Guarantees

A government that extends an exchange or exchange-like financial guarantee should apply the provisions of paragraphs 14 and 15 of GASB 70 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees regarding disclosure requirements of the financial guarantee transaction.

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169

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Financial Guarantees

The following items by type of guarantee should be disclosed regardless of the likelihood of the payment being required:

1. A description of the financial guarantee identifying:

a) The legal authority and limits for extending the guarantees and types of

- - obligations guaranteed
 b) The relationship of the government to the issuer or issuers of the obligations
- that are guaranteed
 c) The length of time of the guarantee
 d) Arrangements for recovering payments from the issuer or issuers of the obligations that are guaranteed
 The total amount of the guarantees extended that are outstanding at the reporting date.

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170

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Financial Guarantees

A government that recognized a nonexchange financial guarantee liability or has made payments during the

- A government that recognized a nonexchange financial guarantee liability or has made payments during the reporting period on nonexchange financial guarantees extended should disclose the following:

 1. A brief description of the timing of recognition and measurement of the liabilities and information about the changes in recognized guaranteed liabilities:

 a) Beginning-of-period balances

 b) Increases, including initial recognition and adjustments increasing estimates

 c) Guarantee payments made and adjustments decreasing estimates

 d) End-of-period balances

 2. Cumulative amounts of indemnification payments that have been made on guarantees extended that are outstanding at the reporting date.
- outstanding at the reporting date

 3. Amounts expected to be recovered from indemnification payments that have been made through the reporting date.

reporting date.

If the cumulative amount disclosed as paid by the government related to a guarantee does not equal the total amounts actually paid on the guarantee because the cumulative amount was determined prospectively at transition, the government should disclose the dates over which the cumulative amount was determined.

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Derivative Instruments That Are Neither Investment Derivative Instruments nor Hedging Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments that are within the scope of GASB Statement 53 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments but do not meet the definition of an investment derivative instrument or a hedging derivative instrument should be classified as an "other derivative instrument".

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172

Derivative Instruments That Are Neither Investment Derivative Instruments nor Hedging Derivative Instruments

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Reporting requirements for "other derivative instruments":

- o Change in fair value should be reported on flow statement separately from investment revenues
- Disclosures should be distinguished from hedging derivative instruments and investment derivative instruments
- Disclose fair value of derivative instruments that were reclassified from hedging derivative instruments

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173

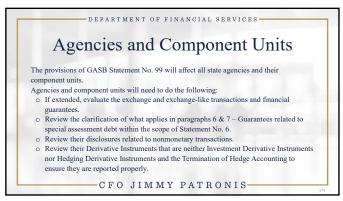
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Termination of Hedge Accounting

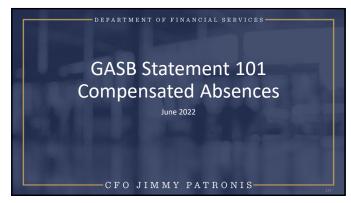
If a termination occurs as described in paragraphs 22a-22d of GASB Statement No. 53 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, the balance of the deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflows of resources should be reported on the resource flows statement separately from the investment revenue and should be captioned "increase (decrease) upon hedge termination".

If the termination event is the occurrence of the hedged expected transaction that results in a financial instrument and the government is re-exposed to the hedged risk, the balance of the deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflow of resources should be reported on the resource flows statement separately from the investment revenue classification.

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Compensated Absences - Objective

Replaces Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16 – Accounting for Compensated Absences

- Aligns the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model.
- Provides additional guidance for certain types of leave.

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178

Compensated Absences – Effective Date and Transition

- Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.
 - State of Florida will implement early during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
- Changes should be reported as a change in accounting principle.

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179

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Compensated Absences - Scope and Applicability

Compensated absences are defined as:

- Leave for which employees may receive:
 - a) Cash payments when the leave is used for time off
 - b) Other cash payments, such as payment for unused leave upon termination of employment
 - c) Noncash settlement, such as conversion to postemployment benefits

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Compensated Absences - Scope and Applicability

Examples of Compensated Absences

- · Vacation and sick leave
- Paid time off (PTO)
- · Parental leave
- Holidays
- Certain types of sabbatical leave

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181

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Compensated Absences – General Recognition

- · Leave that results from services already provided
 - Employee has met the requirements necessary to earn the leave
- · Leave accumulates
 - Leave may be carried forward from period leave is earned to future reporting periods when it will be used, paid or settled
- Leave is more likely than not to be used, paid or settled
 >50% likelihood

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182

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Compensated Absences – Exceptions to General Recognition

- Leave more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits is excluded from liability recognition.
- Leave dependent upon the occurrence of a sporadic event that effects a small portion of employees in any reporting period is recognized when the leave commences.
- o Examples are jury duty, parental and military leave
- Unlimited leave and holiday leave taken on a specific date is recognized as a liability when used.

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES Compensated Absences – Measurement Pay rate Salary-related payments · Directly and incrementally · Normally, use the employee's rate of pay at the • Defined Contribution or Other financial reporting date Postemployment Benefits recognized as related leave is earned – not pension or OPEB • However, if it is more likely than not the rate of pay will liability be different when paid use • Defined Benefit pension or the pay rate that will be used OPEB excluded when paid CFO JIMMY PATRONIS-

184



185

Compensated Absences – Note Disclosures

- No new note disclosures required
- Exceptions to the current long-term liability disclosures for compensated absences:
- Option to present net increase or decrease if presented as "net"
- Not required to disclose governmental fund used to liquidate the liability

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Financial Reporting Best Practices Discussion



- 1. FYE Audit Adjustments
 - Checklist Item 6: Current year beginning fund balance and net position amounts have been adjusted, as appropriate, to last year's audited ending fund balance and net position amounts for all funds by agency closing date.
 - agency closing date.

 SFRS sends each agency the Year End Reports and this year an Excel File "Spring Adjustments" was provided

199

Financial Reporting Best Practices Discussion

FYE Audit Adjustments

- How is compliance achieved?
- 2. Are there processes used at your agency to accomplish this task?



200

Financial Reporting Best Practices Discussion



- 2. Year-end Accruals
 - All prior year receivables and payables should be reversed.
 - Current year receivables need to identified, calculated and recorded accurately.

Financial Reporting Best Practices Discussion

Year-end Accruals

- How do you identify receivables and payables?
 What processes are used to record the receivables and payables?



202

Financial Reporting Best Practices Discussion



3. Preparing for Agency Closing Compliance with 16 Checklist items is expected by Agency Closing.

Items 12 - 15 Item 18

Item 21 Items 23 – 24

The Statewide Guidance Document is available to provide an understanding of the compliance requirement for each checklist item.

203

Financial Reporting Best Practices Discussion

Preparing for Agency Closing

- Does your agency have a closing checklist, task list or procedures?
- What tools and/or processes are used to ensure the closing is manageable and a success?



Financial Reporting Best Practices Discussion 4. Analytic Review • Checklist item 14: Analytical procedures were performed for all funds to identify invalid GLs, atypical general ledger balances, inconsistent GL usage from prior year, etc. by agency closing date.





