The Statewide Mutual Aid Agreement (SMAA) supersedes other local mutual aid agreements between governmental units during “major or catastrophic disasters” (evidenced by the Governor’s proclamation of a state of emergency, activation of the State EOC and implementation the State Emergency Plan). The SMAA may also be applicable between participating governmental units in absence of an existing local mutual aid agreement during minor events. Requests for assistance under the SMAA should be through the State EOC. Either the Requester or Assister should document mutual aid assistance in the State EOC Tracker System when missions are directly requested without State EOC mission assignment. Under the SMAA, the Assister may claim reimbursement of expenses from the Requester consistent with the reimbursement guidelines of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) whether or not a Federal Declaration for disaster relief is applicable. (Note: All State Agencies, all Counties, and all but a few local governments are participants in SMAA. Also, other political subdivisions of the state such as School Districts, Water Management Districts, etc. are also eligible participants). In the event of a Federal Declaration (Disaster, Emergency, or Fire) for an affected area, the SMAA Requesting Parties from within the Declared Area may seek FEMA reimbursement for eligible emergency response costs; including those costs claimed by Assisters. Further guidance for SMAA claim submittal by Assisters to Requesters is as follows:

1. The Assister (Claimant) should submit claim to the Requestor with a transmittal letter, if not using the SMAA Claim Narrative/Invoice Form, which clearly identifies the Requester and EIN, and includes a brief narrative describing:
   a. The SMAA request including applicable State EOC Msn/Msg #(s);
   b. The types of employees that responded (police, fire, public works, etc);
   c. The time frame of SMAA services provided;
   d. The SMAA services rendered as emergency protective measures for the public safety/health or for protection of improved property;
   e. The Declared Disaster areas (County or City) in which the SMAA services were provided;

2. A Total Actual Costs Summary (Work Completed To-date) which provides claimed expenses itemized in the following categories as applicable:
   a. Labor including separate fringe benefits rates for RT and OT pay.
   b. Equipment at the FEMA Equipment Rates or established Claimant Rates if less that the FEMA Equipment Rate Schedule.
   c. Materials expended (stock supplies or purchased for the response).
   d. Contract/Rental Services in support of the emergency response.
   e. Travel Costs (employee reimbursements, direct paid lodging, meals, miscellaneous expenses).
3. Separate itemized expense summaries for each of the above categories of cost as applicable:

   a. Labor Summary listing the personnel for regular and overtime hours worked each day, for a total number of hours, for cost to be extended at the appropriate regular time or overtime pay rate. The appropriate fringe benefit rate may be applied to the total regular time and the total overtime costs as per the Fringe Benefit Rate Determination Sheet.

   b. Equipment Summary listing the various units of Claimant-owned equipment for the hours used each day for a total number of hours of use at the appropriate equipment rate including operator identification.

   c. Materials Summary listing the materials/supplies that were consumed by the Claimant in the emergency response operations, whether inventory stock or items purchased for the emergency, for the quantities at the unit prices.

   d. Contract/Rental Summary listing each contractor/rental vendor and a description of the services/rentals provided.

   e. Travel Summary that lists travel costs reimbursed to each Claimant employee, or paid directly by the Claimant for transportation, meals, and/or lodging for Claimant personnel or volunteers.

4. Clarifications of eligible costs for FEMA reimbursement are listed as follows:

   **Labor:** Actual costs for Regular Time pay and Overtime Pay is eligible. Backfill overtime costs to maintain required minimum levels of protection for essential services in claimant’s own jurisdiction while staff is on mutual aid missions is eligible. Firefighter pay for 24-hour days should be limited to actual pay as per pre-established Claimant personnel pay policy. Mutual Aid assisters may claim labor costs as per pay policy previously established by the Claimant before the event; and is enforceable by employees. Otherwise, claims for pay should be based on actual regular time and actual overtime hours worked. If a claimant claims overtime labor costs, but is waiting for reimbursements for payment to employees and does not have pre-established pay policy or requirement, then such overtime costs may not be eligible by FEMA/State guidelines. Volunteer firefighter labor costs (per call fees, pay for mutual aid missions, etc.) are reimbursable as per pre-existing pay policies or as by agreement with the requester or State EOC when requested in a mission assignment.

   **Benefits:** The typical claimed fringe benefits for both regular time and overtime gross pay are the percentages of gross pay for FICA/MICA, retirement, and workers compensation components. Fringe benefits in percentages of gross pay for leave time earned; health, life, and disability insurance costs; and other costs are also eligible as applied to gross regular time pay; but not overtime pay. If the Claimant uses the same fringe benefit percentage for both regular time pay and overtime pay, it should be indicated that they are only claiming the eligible fringe benefits common to both regular time and overtime gross pay (i.e. FICA/MICA, retirement, and workers compensation).

   **Equipment:** The National FEMA Equipment Rate Schedule is available at the FEMA’s website ([http://www.fema.gov](http://www.fema.gov)) when searching the website for “equipment rates.” Also available, is the State’s abbreviated listing of equipment rates for equipment most likely utilized during emergencies on the [http://www.floridapa.org](http://www.floridapa.org).
website. The appropriate FEMA cost code that most closely matches the described unit of equipment should be listed on the itemized equipment summaries to coincide with the claimed hourly or mileage rate. Mileage rates should be claimed, when listed, for all vehicles that are used primarily for transporting personnel. Hourly rates for pickups are acceptable when they are used for heavy-duty emergency response activities other than personnel transport. Hours of use of equipment should not exceed the actual time that labor is available to operate it. Even if 24-hour pay is eligible as claimed, manned equipment should not be claimed for 24 hours per day unless it is being used by different shifts and this is indicated on the summary forms. Any equipment used for less than four hours a day should be claimed for actual hours of use. Equipment used intermittently all day for at least four hours can be claimed for hours of the personnel actually manning the equipment. Downtime equipment rates should not be claimed. FEMA hourly or mileage rates should not be claimed for equipment on loan from the State or Federal government. However, in lieu of hourly rates, actual operating costs such as fuel and necessary maintenance/repairs can be claimed for equipment use.

**Materials:** Fuel/routine maintenance costs should not be claimed for equipment being reimbursed at the equipment rates. Any claimed fuel cost should include notation that the fuel was not for equipment claimed at the hourly or mileage rates. Fuel provided to others, or used for purposes other than in equipment use claimed at rates, may be eligible. Materials for necessary equipment repair, due to extra-ordinary damages during emergency operations, may be separately eligible as per FEMA Policy Number 9525.8 for the PA Program and by FEMA Reg 44CFR204.42 in the Fire Program. Justifications should be provided with the Claimant’s Material Summary that the repairs were necessary due to unavoidable damages, other than routine maintenance, for use of the equipment beyond its intended purpose or design capabilities. Examples of eligible damage assistance include: 1) physical/mechanical damages due to necessary off-road use of equipment designed for on-road use; and, 2) extra-ordinary damages caused during emergency operations in the disaster environment (fire, flood, debris, etc) that are unavoidable and to the extent not covered by insurance. Repair of damages as a result of traffic accidents or mechanical failure while commuting to and from the disaster area assignments are not separately eligible as such costs are included in the equipment rate allowances and/or covered by insurance. Eligibility of equipment and supplies that are purchased specifically in order to perform the mission is governed by FEMA Policy Directive 9525.12 which can be found on the [www.fema.gov](http://www.fema.gov) or [www.floridapa.org](http://www.floridapa.org) websites. In general, those items of equipment and supplies that cost under $5,000 are eligible to claim. Items of equipment worth more than $5,000, and residual unused supplies in excess of $5,000 after the disaster work is completed will require adjustment from eligible acquisition cost.

**Contract/Rental Services:** Other contract/rental services that are necessary in the performance of the emergency work may also be eligible upon appropriate justification. The same justifications for contracted equipment repairs would be necessary as described above in the Materials guidance for repair parts. Contracted services for upgrading of equipment for immediate emergency response service in the disaster may also be eligible to be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.
**Travel:** Lodging, meals, and other necessary travel costs that are reimbursed in employee expense claims or paid directly by the claimant are eligible for SMAA reimbursement. Employee Per Diem should not be claimed for reimbursements when others provided lodging and meals.

**Advisory Note:** All emergency response units of SMAA participants should obtain copies of the Statewide Mutual Aid Agreement from their governing bodies or emergency management office and become familiar with its specific terms; in particular, provisions concerning: 1) the applicability and invocation of SMAA; 2) the responsibilities of Requesting and Assisting Parties; 3) the rendition of assistance; 4) procedures/costs eligible for reimbursement; 5) the requirements for documentation; 6) protests of SMAA billing and arbitration of disputes under the agreement; 7) insurance other general requirements regarding liability, responsibilities, obligations; and, 8) availability of State funding under SMAA.

**Claim Forms:** The SMAA claim reimbursement procedure can be expedited if the above guidance is followed. The SMAA Claimant may use the available forms from the [www.floridapa.org](http://www.floridapa.org) website or may utilize the FEMA Expense Summary forms on [www.fema.gov/rr/pa](http://www.fema.gov/rr/pa) website, or may utilize their own expense summary spreadsheets containing the requested information on the FEMA or State forms. Supporting documentation for the expense summaries such as time sheets, equipment logs, invoices, etc., should be attached to the expense summaries. Also, supporting documentation should be kept on file by the SMAA Claimant for at least five years.

**Submission of Fire Declaration Mutual Aid Claims:** Mutual aid claims for assistance in Fire Declarations should be forward to the State Division of Emergency Management for processing in the Fire Program as follows (or by e-mail pdf file):

Division of Emergency Management  
Attn: Mutual Aid Recovery  
2555 Shumard Oak Blvd  
Tallahassee, FL 32399

Or to:  
charles.bartel@dca.state.fl.us  
bruce.french@dca.state.fl.us

**Submission of Disaster Mutual Aid Claims to the State:** For the year 2007, the State is the requester for fire department and law enforcement mutual aid in response to State EOC mission assignments issued by ESF #4&9 and ESF #16, respectively, for Declared Disasters and Emergencies. SMAA claim submissions to the State, as the SMAA Requestor through ESF #4&9 or ESF #16, should be forwarded to the following addresses (or by e-mail pdf file).

**Fire Department MA Claims:**

Department of Financial Services  
Attn: Mutual Aid Recovery  
200 E. Gaines St  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0315

Or to:  
esf49@fldfs.com

**Law Enforcement MA Claims:**

Department of Law Enforcement  
Attn: Mutual Aid Recovery  
PO Box 1489  
Tallahassee, FL 32302-1489

Or to:  
mutualaidstorms@fdle.state.fl.us
Submission of Mutual Aid Claims to Other Requestors: All other Mutual Aid claims should be submitted to the requesting party. Local requestors will be responsible for paying SMAA claims from law enforcement and fire agencies for services that were directly requested without State EOC mission assignment. Local requestors are also responsible for payment for assistance other than law enforcement and fire services. If a State Agency was the requestor for assistance through an ESF (i.e. Department of Health-ESF #8; Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services-ESF #11 for food, water, ice, or ESF #17 for animal control); then the mutual aid claim should be submitted to the applicable State Agency.

Submission of Out-of-State EMAC Claims: The State is the Requester for emergency response assistance through the State EOC that is provided to other States under the interstate Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC). Mutual aid claims for providing this assistance at the request of the State EOC should be forwarded to (or by e-mail pdf file):

Division of Emergency Management  
Attn: Mutual Aid Recovery  
2555 Shumard Oak Blvd  
Tallahassee, FL 32399

Or to: charles.bartel@dca.state.fl.us  
Fax: (850) 487-2007  
bruce.french@dca.state.fl.us

Claim Submission Deadlines: Mutual Aid claims should be submitted to the Requestor within 30 days after the performance of the mission as per the Statewide Mutual Aid Agreement guidelines. This deadline is may be extended by the Grantee for major events. Extension requests should be submitted to the Requestor prior to established deadline and should include justification and expected submittal date.

Hotline Assistance: The State Agency Public Assistance Coordinator (PAC), Charles Bartel, is available to answer Statewide Mutual Aid inquiries at (850) 414-7566; by fax (850) 487-2007; or by e-mail: Charles.Bartel@dca.state.fl.us