

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005

Florida

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Private industry⁶		6,601.7	4.5	2.4	1.2	1.2	2.1
Goods producing⁶		1,045.2	6.0	3.1	1.8	1.3	2.8
Natural resources and mining^{6,7}		91.2	6.3	3.4	2.3	1.1	3.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁶	11	85.8	6.7	3.5	2.4	1.1	3.2
Crop production ⁶	111	50.8	5.9	3.2	1.9	1.3	2.7
Animal production ⁶	112	3.9	5.1	4.2	1.7	2.5	0.9
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	115	27.7	9.1	4.0	3.4	0.6	5.1
Mining⁷	21	5.4	2.9	2.0	1.0	1.1	0.8
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸	212	4.8	2.9	2.0	0.9	1.1	0.9
Construction		557.5	5.8	2.9	2.0	0.9	2.9
Construction	23	557.5	5.8	2.9	2.0	0.9	2.9
Construction of buildings	236	120.1	4.4	2.4	1.7	0.7	2.0
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	69.2	5.6	3.1	2.0	1.0	2.6
Specialty trade contractors	238	368.1	6.3	3.1	2.1	1.0	3.2
Manufacturing		396.6	6.1	3.4	1.5	1.9	2.7
Manufacturing	31-33	396.6	6.1	3.4	1.5	1.9	2.7
Food manufacturing	311	31.7	7.2	4.1	1.9	2.1	3.2
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	10.5	10.1	7.6	3.3	4.3	2.5
Textile mills	313	2.0	4.1	1.2	(¹¹)	--	2.9
Textile product mills	314	5.7	2.3	0.8	--	0.6	1.5
Apparel manufacturing	315	5.8	7.0	0.8	0.4	0.4	6.2
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	1.3	4.7	4.2	(¹¹)	4.0	(¹¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 -- Continued

Florida

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Wood product manufacturing	321	21.9	14.5	9.5	3.9	5.5	5.0
Paper manufacturing	322	10.5	3.7	2.2	0.9	1.3	1.4
Printing and related support activities	323	23.6	3.1	2.3	1.4	0.9	0.8
Chemical manufacturing	325	20.7	5.0	2.1	1.0	1.2	2.9
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	15.2	5.8	4.3	1.9	2.4	1.5
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	25.2	6.2	4.2	1.7	2.5	2.0
Primary metal manufacturing	331	5.2	5.6	3.9	3.0	0.9	1.7
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	39.1	8.9	4.1	1.4	2.7	4.8
Machinery manufacturing	333	25.8	4.9	2.4	1.0	1.3	2.5
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	50.9	1.9	0.7	0.4	0.3	1.2
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	8.3	4.3	2.0	0.5	1.5	2.3
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	41.9	7.6	3.6	1.3	2.3	4.0
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	18.9	8.7	5.9	3.1	2.8	2.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	29.4	3.4	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.8
Service providing		5,556.5	4.2	2.2	1.1	1.1	2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		1,541.2	5.5	3.2	1.6	1.6	2.3
Wholesale trade	42	333.9	4.1	2.5	1.3	1.3	1.6
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	178.8	3.7	2.1	1.1	1.0	1.6
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	120.6	5.3	3.5	1.6	1.9	1.8
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	34.4	2.0	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.6
Retail trade	44-45	976.0	5.8	3.1	1.5	1.6	2.7
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	130.4	5.8	2.5	1.7	0.8	3.3
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	42.3	6.7	3.2	2.1	1.1	3.5
Electronics and appliance stores	443	34.9	2.0	0.8	0.3	0.6	1.1
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	83.9	8.9	4.9	1.9	3.0	4.0
Food and beverage stores	445	195.9	6.4	3.3	1.7	1.6	3.1
Health and personal care stores	446	65.1	3.1	1.2	0.6	0.6	1.9
Gasoline stations	447	39.2	3.8	1.6	1.1	0.6	2.1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	97.3	3.0	1.8	0.9	0.9	1.2
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	30.5	4.1	1.1	0.9	0.2	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 -- Continued

Florida

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
General merchandise stores	452	174.7	6.9	4.9	1.6	3.3	2.1
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	59.0	4.4	1.9	1.3	0.6	2.5
Nonstore retailers	454	22.8	7.6	4.3	2.5	1.7	3.3
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	207.2	7.2	5.4	2.9	2.5	1.9
Air transportation	481	31.2	9.4	7.5	4.6	2.9	1.8
Rail transportation ⁹	482	--	1.5	1.2	1.1	(¹¹)	0.3
Water transportation	483	12.4	3.7	2.7	--	0.4	1.0
Truck transportation	484	48.2	6.4	4.7	3.0	1.7	1.7
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	12.5	6.5	3.8	2.1	1.7	2.6
Pipeline transportation	486	0.2	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Support activities for transportation	488	44.6	5.8	3.6	2.2	1.4	2.2
Couriers and messengers	492	29.8	11.6	9.0	5.0	4.0	2.6
Warehousing and storage	493	25.7	9.1	7.6	1.5	6.1	1.5
Utilities	22	24.1	2.3	1.1	0.8	0.4	1.2
Utilities	221	24.1	2.3	1.1	0.8	0.4	1.2
Information		168.1	2.1	0.9	0.5	0.4	1.2
Information	51	168.1	2.1	0.9	0.5	0.4	1.2
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	41.8	2.6	1.4	0.5	0.9	1.2
Broadcasting (except Internet)	515	18.9	2.5	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.7
Telecommunications	517	64.8	2.4	1.0	0.7	0.3	1.5
Financial activities		519.2	1.9	0.9	0.5	0.4	1.0
Finance and insurance	52	350.3	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.7
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	179.9	1.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.8
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	129.7	1.3	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.6
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	168.9	3.7	1.9	1.1	0.8	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 -- Continued

Florida

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Real estate	531	120.4	3.1	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.7
Rental and leasing services	532	47.2	5.1	3.2	1.2	2.1	1.8
Professional and business services		1,324.0	2.0	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.0
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	422.0	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	422.0	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.7
Management of companies and enterprises	55	71.1	2.9	1.2	0.4	0.8	1.8
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	831.0	2.5	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.2
Administrative and support services	561	813.8	2.2	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.1
Waste management and remediation services	562	17.2	6.4	4.3	2.6	1.8	2.1
Education and health services		898.2	4.8	2.3	1.0	1.3	2.5
Educational services	61	94.3	2.2	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.1
Educational services	611	94.3	2.2	1.1	0.7	0.4	1.1
Health care and social assistance	62	803.9	5.0	2.4	1.0	1.3	2.7
Ambulatory health care services	621	329.5	2.4	1.1	0.6	0.4	1.3
Hospitals	622	234.9	8.3	3.3	1.1	2.2	5.0
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	148.7	6.7	4.1	1.6	2.5	--
Social assistance	624	90.9	3.8	1.7	1.2	0.6	2.0
Leisure and hospitality		877.9	5.6	2.9	1.3	1.6	2.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	168.1	8.8	7.0	3.0	4.0	1.7
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	133.8	9.5	8.1	3.2	4.8	1.4
Accommodation and food services	72	709.8	4.9	1.9	0.9	1.1	2.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2005 -- Continued

Florida

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Accommodation	721	156.5	7.0	4.4	1.2	3.2	2.6
Food services and drinking places	722	553.3	4.2	1.2	0.8	--	3.0
Other services		227.8	3.4	1.8	1.0	0.7	1.6
Other services, except public administration	81	227.8	3.4	1.8	1.0	0.7	1.6
Repair and maintenance	811	75.3	4.1	2.2	1.5	0.7	1.9
Personal and laundry services	812	76.6	2.2	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.8
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	75.9	3.7	1.5	0.8	0.7	2.2

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

¹¹ Fewer than 15 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.